Overture Demo Introduction

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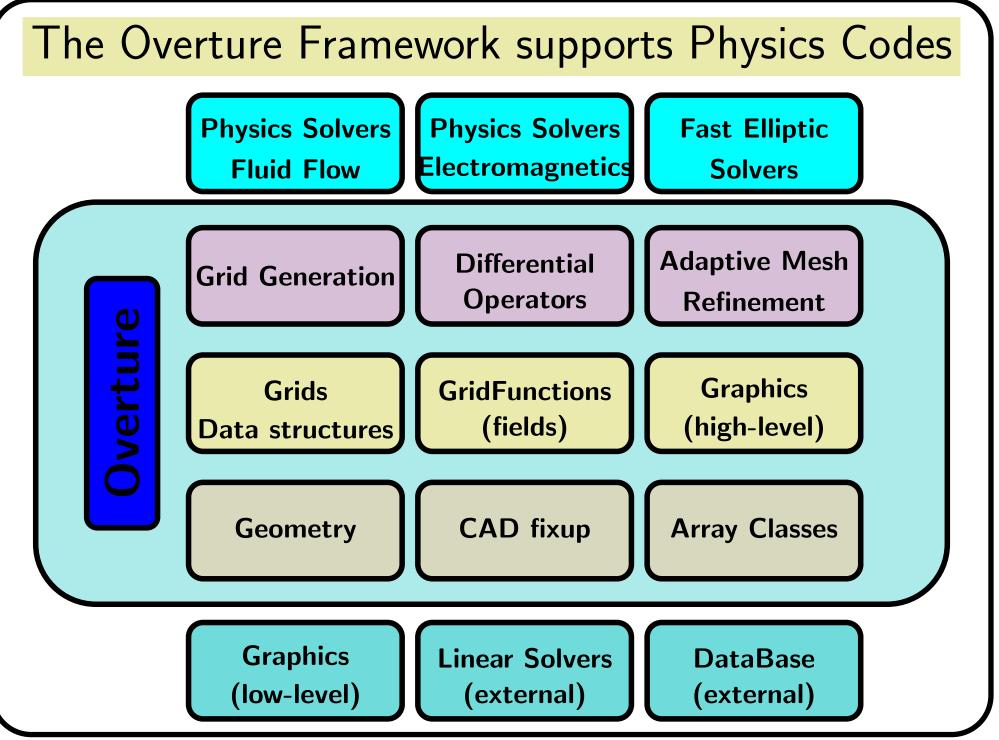
www.llnl.gov/casc/Overture

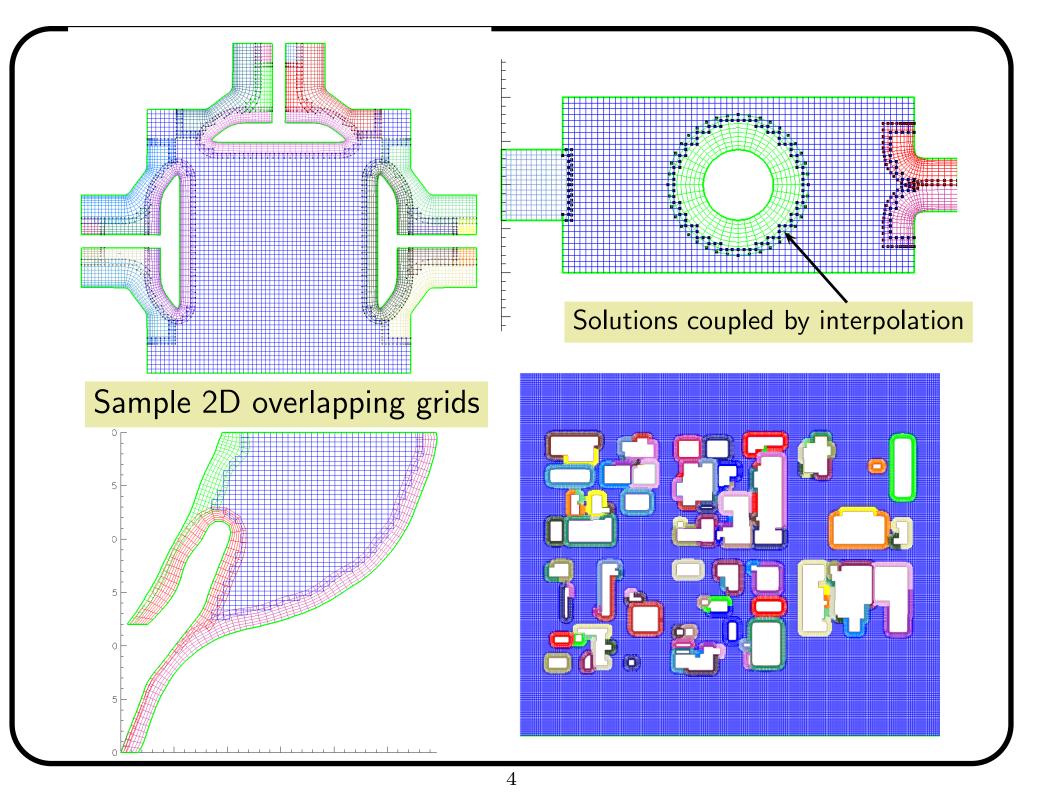
10th Overset Grid Symposium, Nasa Ames Research Center, California 🚈 September 2010.

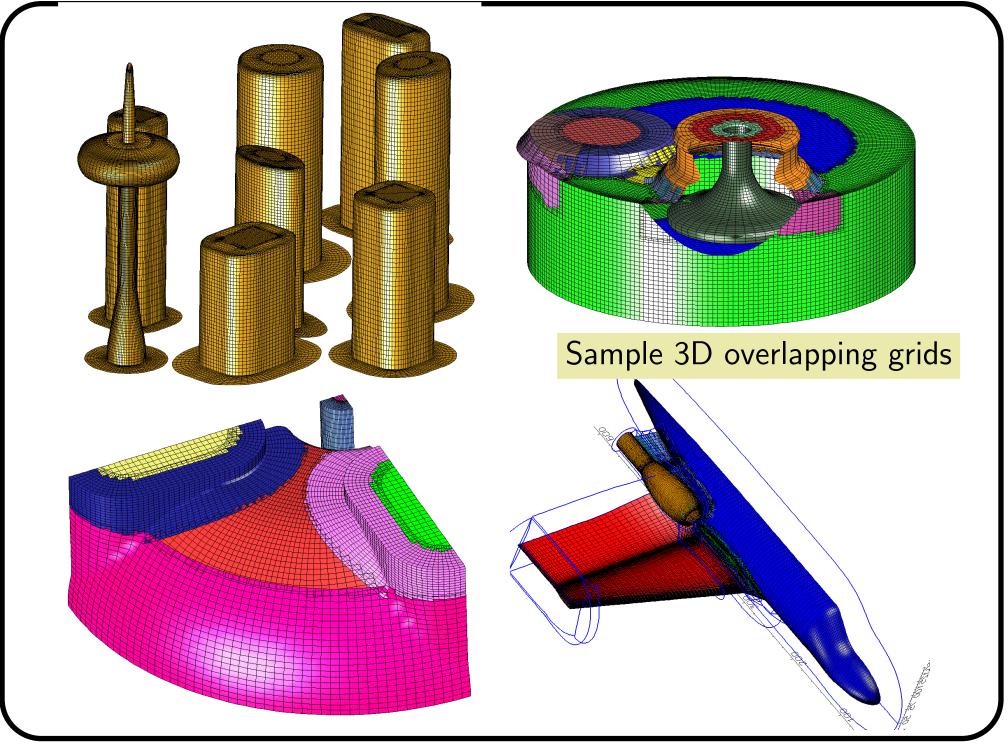
Overture is toolkit for solving partial differential equations on structured, overlapping and hybrid grids.

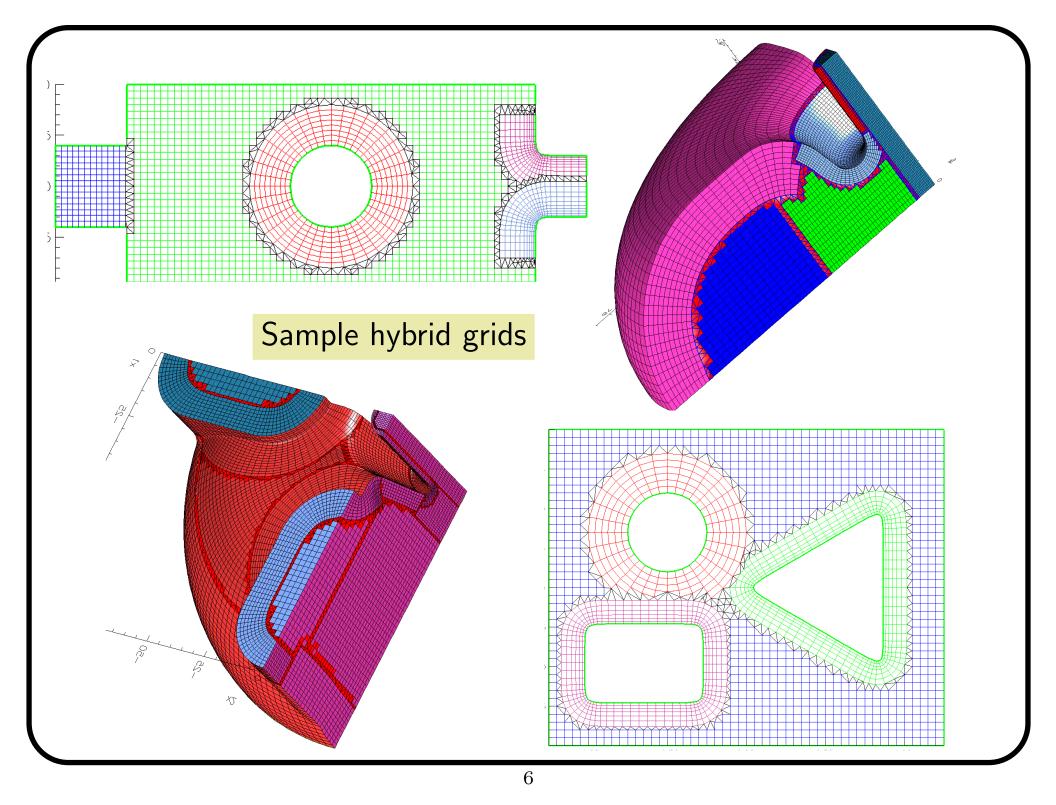
Key features:

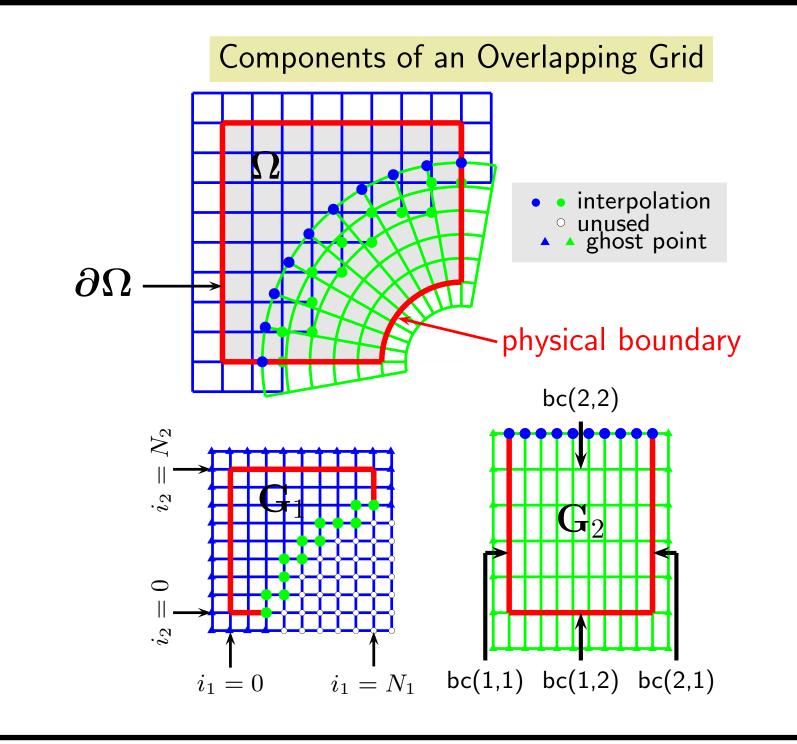
- provides a high level C++ interface for rapid prototyping of PDE solvers.
- built upon optimized C and fortran kernels.
- provides a library of finite-difference operators: conservative and non-conservative, 2nd, 4th, 6th and 8th order accurate approximations.
- support for moving grids.
- support for block structured adaptive mesh refinement (AMR).
- extensive grid generation capabilities.
- CAD fixup tools (for CAD from IGES files).
- interactive graphics and data base support (HDF).
- PDE solvers built upon Overture include:
 - cgins: incompressible Navier-Stokes with heat transfer.
 - cgcns: compressible Navier-Stokes, reactive Euler equations.
 - cgmp: multi-physics solver.
 - cgmx: time domain Maxwell's equations solver.
 - cgsm: solid mechanics (*new in version 24*)











Overture supports a high-level C++ interface (but is built mainly upon Fortran kernels):

```
Solve u_t + au_x + bu_y = \nu(u_{xx} + u_{yy})
```

}

```
CompositeGrid cg; // create a composite grid
getFromADataBaseFile(cg,"myGrid.hdf");
floatCompositeGridFunction u(cg); // create a grid function
u=1.;
CompositeGridOperators op(cg); // operators
u.setOperators(op);
float t=0, dt=.005, a=1., b=1., nu=.1;
for( int step=0; step<100; step++ )</pre>
  u+=dt*( -a*u.x()-b*u.y()+nu*(u.xx()+u.yy()) ); // forward Euler
  t+=dt:
  u.interpolate();
  u.applyBoundaryCondition(0,dirichlet,allBoundaries,0.);
  u.finishBoundaryConditions();
```

